## Ready-to-go Lesson Slides

 Year 2
## Measurement - Money

## Lesson 7

To use different methods to add money

## Summary

Key Vocabulary
Hinge Question (Assessment Point)
Lesson Introduction Slide (Learning Objective and Success Criteria)
Starter - Using inequality symbols to compare amounts
Key Concept Introduction
Guided Practice - Complete the bar models
Independent Practice 1 - Complete the bar models
Guided Practice - Adding money by counting on
Independent Practice 2 - Adding money
Guided Practice - Reasoning when adding money
Independent Practice 3 - Money problem
Let's Reflect
Support Slides - Based on Year 1 - Adding together/adding more

To use different methods to add money
Key Vocabulary:

| money | coin |
| :--- | :--- |
| penny | pence |
| pound | total |
| price | cost |
| spend/spent |  |

## To use different methods to add money

Success Criteria

I can add money together
I know that 'find the total' means adding
$\square$ I can add in different ways, like counting on or partitioning

## To use different methods to add money

## Starter:

Use $<,>$ or $=$ to compare these amounts of money.


## To use different methods to add money

## Starter:

Use $<,>$ or $=$ to compare these amounts of money.


## To use different methods to add money

Complete the table.

| Pounds | Pence | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $£ 6$ | 28 p | $£ \ldots$ and__p |
| $£ 3$ | 45 p | $£ 3$ and 70p |
|  |  | $£ 21$ and 45 pence |
|  | 83 pence | $£ 17$ and 39p |
|  |  | £__ and__p |

## To use different methods to add money

Complete the table.

| Pounds | Pence | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $£ 6$ | $28 p$ | $£ 6$ and 28 p |
| $£ 3$ | $70 p$ | $£ 3$ and 70p |
| $£ 21$ | $45 p$ | $£ 21$ and 45 pence |
| $£ 17$ | $39 p$ | $£ 17$ and 39p |
| $£ 0$ | 83 pence | 83p |

To use different methods to add money
Guided Practice:
Complete the bar models. You can use number bonds to add these amounts quickly.


To use different methods to add money
Guided Practice:
Complete the bar models. You can use number bonds to add these amounts quickly.


You can use partitioning to add these totals together or add using Base 10.
$£ 26+£ 10=£ 36$ then add the extra $£ 1$
Which gives us the total $£ 37$


To use different methods to add money
Independent Practice:

1. Complete the bar models.

b.


Circle the correct total.
c.

| $£ 4$ | $£ 5$ | $£ 6$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

d.

| $10 p$ | $£ 2$ | $40 p$ | $16 p$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

£2 and 66p
$£ 2$ and 5 ten pence coins

To use different methods to add money

## Guided Practice:

Fred buys bread and eggs at the shop.

## How much does he spend?



How did you work out your answer?
$56 p+40 p=96 p$
We could start at 56p and count on 10p four times. 66p, 76p, 86p, 96p

To use different methods to add money

## Guided Practice:

Fred buys bread and eggs at the shop.
How much does he spend?


How did you work out your answer?

$$
56 p+40 p=96 p
$$

We could add the two numbers using Base 10


To use different methods to add money

## Guided Practice:

Claire has these coins and notes.


Does she have enough to buy the teddy?


To use different methods to add money
Guided Practice:
Claire has these coins and notes.


## Does she have enough to buy the teddy?



Claire does not have enough to buy the teddy because
$£ 5+£ 1+50 p=£ 6$ and $50 p$

## To use different methods to add money

## Independent Practice:

2. The Red Mathstronaut is buying food for a party. How much does he spend?
a.

b. The Yellow Mathstronaut is buying balloons for the party. He says,

